Science Flight Report Operation IceBridge Arctic 2012

Flight: F41

Mission: Northeast Ice Stream ICESat



Flight Report Summary

Aircraft	P-3B (N426NA)				
Flight Number	42				
Flight Request	12P006				
Date	Monday, May 14, 2012 (Z)				
Purpose of Flight	Operation IceBridge Mission NEIS ICESat				
Take off time	11:00 Zulu from Thule Air Base (BGTL)				
Landing time	18:40 Zulu at Thule Air Base (BGTL)				
Flight Hours	7.9 hours				
Aircraft Status	Airworthy.				
Sensor Status	All installed sensors operational.				
Significant Issues	None.				
Accomplishments	 Low-altitude survey (1,500) of glaciers and ice sheet profiles. ATM, snow, Ku-band, accumulation radar, MCoRDS gravimeter, magnetometer, DMS and KT-19 skin temperature sensor were operated on the survey lines. Pitch maneuvers for snow and Ku-band radar calibration. Ramp pass at Thule Air Base for ATM calibration at 1,500 ft AGL. 				
Geographic Keywords	Zacharaie and 79N Glaciers				
Satellite Tracks	ICESat 0105, 0224, 0343, 1325, 0090.				
Repeat Mission	2010 partial.				

Science Data Report Summary

Instrument	Instrument Operational			Data Volume	Instrument Issues
	Survey	Entire	High-alt.		
	Area	Flight	Transit		
ATM	\square	X	×	77 GB	None
MCoRDS	\square	X	×	2.1 TB	Receiver recabled.
Snow Radar	\square	X	×	750 GB	None
Ku-band Radar	\square	X	×	750 GB	None
Accumulation Radar	\square	X	×	183 GB	None
DMS	\square	X	×	107.1 GB	None
KT-19 Skin Temp.				10.3 MB	None
Gravimeter	\square	\square	\square	1.5 GB	None
Magnetometer	\square	\square	\square	530 MB	None

Mission Report (Michael Studinger, Mission Scientist)

This is a new mission, which extends the coverage of the Northeast Ice Stream along ascending ICESat ground tracks over Zacharaie and 79°N Glaciers, which will connect a combined IceBridge/ICESat time series over a very dynamic region and be useful for ICESat-2 simulation as well as science. In addition to this, we reoccupy an east-west master grid line last flown in 2010 for dh/dt purposes over the central ice sheet, and this combined with three other master grid lines over the upper Petermann catchment should help to better understand potentially widespread basal features in this part of the ice sheet.

The weather was perfect today.

Individual instrument reports from experimenters on board the aircraft:

ATM: Both ATM systems worked well and collected good data along the entire line in cloud free conditions. ATM collected a total of 7.3 hours of science data with 100% coverage.

MCoRDS: The MCoRDS system worked well. One receiver failed and needed to be recabled during the flight.

Snow and Ku-band radar: The snow and Ku-band radars worked well.

Accumulation radar: Worked well today.

Gravimeter: Worked well.

Magnetometer: Worked well and used the SGL data logger today without problems.

DMS: DMS worked well.

KT-19 skin temperature sensor: System worked well.

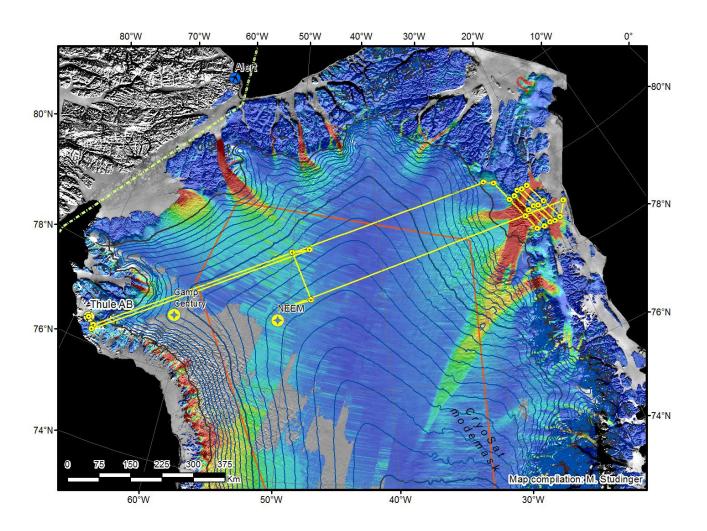


Figure 1: Today's mission plan in yellow.

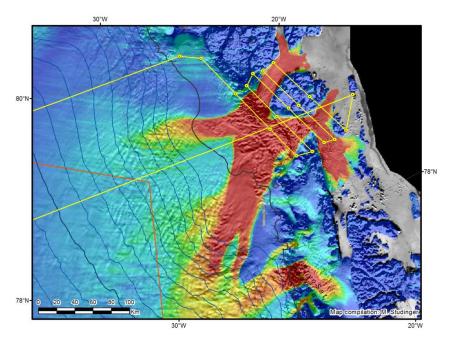


Figure 2: Detailed mission plan over the Zacharaie and 79°N Glaciers.